Welcome



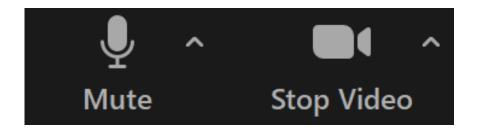
Age-Friendly Housing Series Session 3: Characteristics of Age-Friendly Housing for Seniors April 27, 2022 - 10 am to 12:00 pm

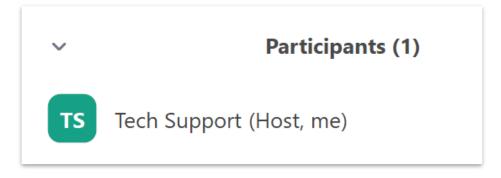


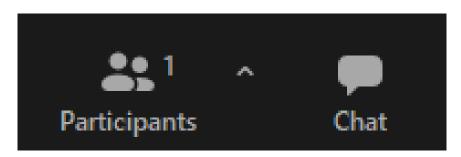
LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

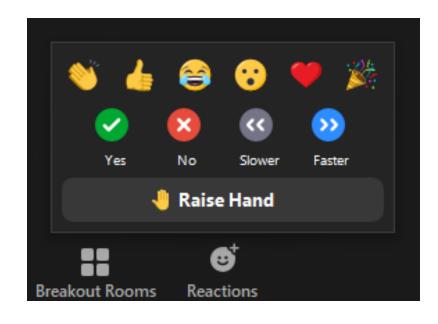
In the spirit of our journey to promote reconciliation, we would like to honour the truth of the shared history and acknowledge the many First Nations, Métis and Inuit who have lived in and cared for these lands for generations. We are grateful for the traditional Knowledge Keepers and Elders who are still with us today and those who have gone before us.

HOUSEKEEPING









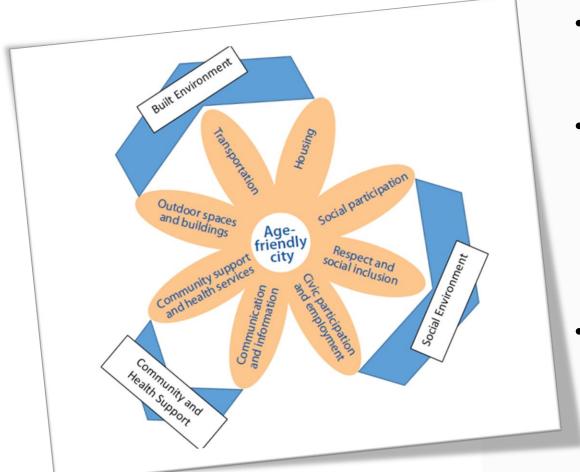
This session will be recorded, and the slides will also be available.

They will be uploaded on the CORE Alberta platform

https://corealberta.ca/

~ The late Bernard Isaacs, Founding Director Birmingham Centre for Applied Gerontology

What is Age-Friendly?



- Age-friendly is a model to enable active, healthy aging by focusing on eight domains of community living.
- Age-friendly communities help seniors remain engaged in their communities through the development of supportive built and social environments that facilitate exercise, social connection and respect for seniors.
- The cornerstone of the age-friendly model is the development of a community plan which brings together traditional and non-traditional partners to identify community assets and strengths that facilitate social inclusion of seniors and factors that hinder it.

Classification: Protected A

Alberta Age-Friendly CORE Groups

Community of Practice

- Communities considering or pursing an age-friendly plan
- Offer mentoring support
- Meets regularly
- Members actively support the Community of Practice.



Discussion Group

- Open to anyone
- Information sharing
- May or may not be involved in an age-friendly initiative.



Age-Friendly Housing – Setting the Stage

- Most seniors want to remain in their own homes for as long as possible.
- Majority of Alberta seniors live in private dwellings.
- The majority of seniors in private dwellings are homeowners.
- While about 1 out of every 7 Alberta seniors in a private dwelling is a renter.
- Close to a quarter of Alberta seniors in private dwellings live alone.





Checklist of Essential Features of Age-friendly Cities

Housing

- Sufficient, affordable housing is available in areas that are safe and close to services and the rest of the community.
- Sufficient and affordable home maintenance and support services are available.
- Housing is well-constructed and provides safe and comfortable shelter from the weather.
- Interior spaces and level surfaces allow freedom of movement in all rooms and passageways.

- Home modification options and supplies are available and affordable, and providers understand the needs of older people.
- Public and commercial rental housing is clean, well-maintained and safe.
- Sufficient and affordable housing for frail and disabled older people, with appropriate services, is provided locally.

Recap Session 1 - Setting the Stage for Seniors Housing

Housing is a unique journey

Understanding those barriers and strategies in each setting gives us better insights on how to move forward.

- Not everyone should stay at home
- Some people aren't suited to community living
- At times, maybe the solution is a blended model

We might be creating a model that causes isolation by keeping people at home who aren't suited to that.

Variable, options and choice will ensure people have access to the supports when they need them.

Stronger Foundations: Alberta's 10-year strategy to improve and expand affordable housing

Action highlights – housing for seniors

Action 1.7: Increase seniors housing in line with population growth.

Action 2.4: Collaborate with partner ministries to co-ordinate supports and transitions for Albertans as they move through the housing continuum. This includes people receiving income support, youth exiting government care, women and children fleeing violence and seniors moving to higher levels of care.

Action 5.6: Work with partners to enable seniors' lodges to serve as community hubs in rural areas, and expand the Lodge Partnership Program to increase designated supportive living spaces in seniors' lodges where stand-alone continuing care facilities are not feasible.

Recap Session 2 - Late Life Homelessness and Affordable Housing

Homelessness among older adults is not just a housing problem; it is multidimensional, touching upon several issues including mental health, physical health, loneliness, and community wellbeing.

Responses and best practices:

- Permanent Supportive Housing
- Affordable Accessible Housing
- Eviction Prevention
- Rental Assistance
- Housing Navigation Supports
- Coordinated Access
- Housing First Philosophy
- Policy Changes

Living well in community, from a housing perspective:

- Safety and security
- Accommodation costs no more than 30% of income
- Well maintained building and suitable space
- Responsiveness of landlord to problems/financial issues
- Close to amenities, support network and community services

It takes a village:

- Seniors/Community Centres
- Home Care
- Schools
- Health clinics/including diagostics
- Wellness supports foot care, dental, therapies, etc.
- Friends and Family
- Transportation
- Volunteers
- Support service availability grounds maintenance, repairs, etc

Classification: Protected A



Age-Friendly Housing Series Session 3: Characteristics of Age-Friendly Housing for Seniors April 27, 2022 - 10 am to 12:00 pm



The Alberta Age-Friendly Community of Practice

Age-Friendly Housing Series: From homelessness to continuing care

Agenda

- Welcome and session overview
- Presentations:
 - Ron Wickman, Architect specializing in barrier-free design
 - Rachelle Butler, Program Coordinator, Residential Accessible Design (RAD) Renovations Program, Accessible Housing
 - Stephanie Firestone, Senior Strategic Policy Advisor,
 Health & Age-friendly Communities, AARP International
- Question and Answer
- Wrap-up

Age-Friendly Housing Series Session 3: Characteristics of AgeFriendly Housing for Seniors April 27, 2022

Ron Wickman

BA, BEDS, M. Arch., Architect, AAA, MRAIC



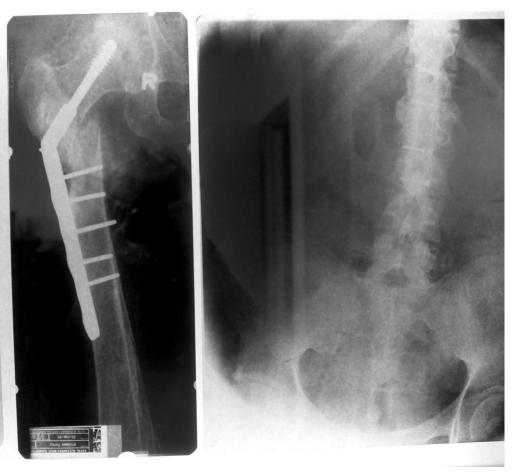
Ron Wickman
Architect, Ron Wickman Architect



On Friday December 11, 1964 I was 23 years old when I traded my legs for a set of wheels. It was just past noon when my back was crushed by a thousand pound steel door falling off its rails in the boxcar I was unloading. I could feel nothing below my waist as I lay there expecting to die, puzzled rather than panicked, with my body seemingly carved in half. I was left a permanent paraplegic with my spinal cord severed at the L.2 level...

Percy Wickman

WHEELS IN THE FAST LANE... a blessing in disguise

















My lived experience.

You cannot design spaces for persons with disabilities without working with people who have disabilities.













Visitability is a design strategy that focuses on three main features within a home – a zero-step entrance, wider doors, and a bathroom on the main floor – that allows people with disabilities, including seniors with limited mobility, to enter the first floor of the home.



Adaptability or FlexHousing™ is a term used by CMHC to describe an approach to housing design that incorporates features at the design and construction phase that will allow homeowners to adapt their space to meet their changing needs. In the U.S. this is known as "adaptable design."

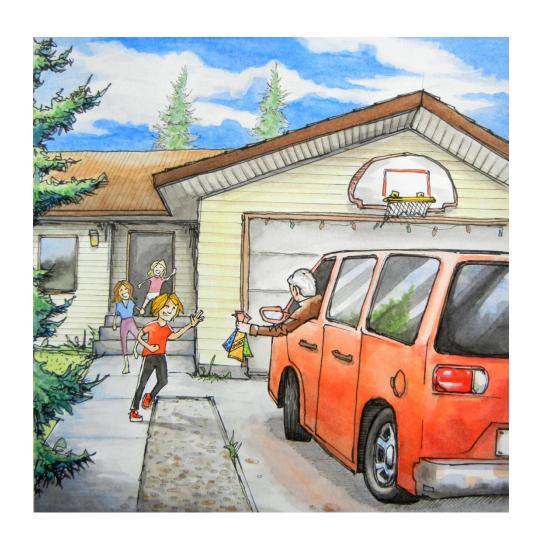
Accessibility or Universal Design is a relatively new concept that goes beyond mere visitability and accessibility and aims to create housing and environments that can be used by people of all ages, abilities and mobility levels, without the need for adaptation or specialized design. Universal design focuses on creating homes that are comfortable, attractive, safe and usable by everyone at every stage of life.



The Building Blocks that Allow for Housing for Everyone

- 1. No-Step Entrance
- 2. Accessible Bathroom
 - 3. Vertical Access
 - 4. Interior Space
 - 5. Accessible Kitchen
 - 6. Wayfinding

1. NO STEP ENTRANCE



A visit from Pops



A no step entrance helps everyone and hurts no one



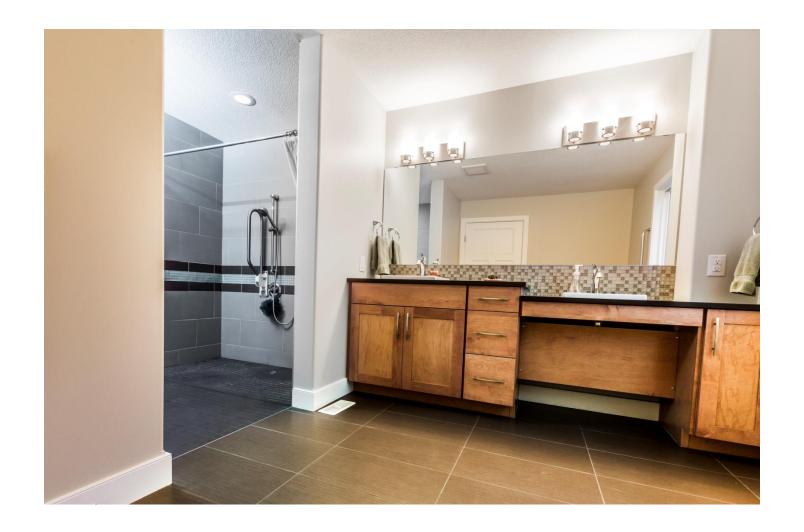
A wheelchair accessible door threshold



2. ACCESSIBLE BATHROOM



The accessible bathroom that is beautiful and functional



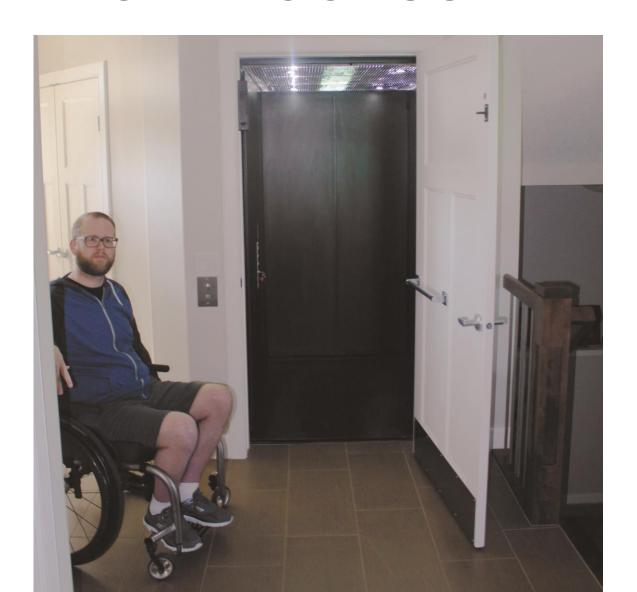
The bathroom/wetroom can look anyway you want



The trench drain



3. VERTICAL ACCESS ELEVATOR



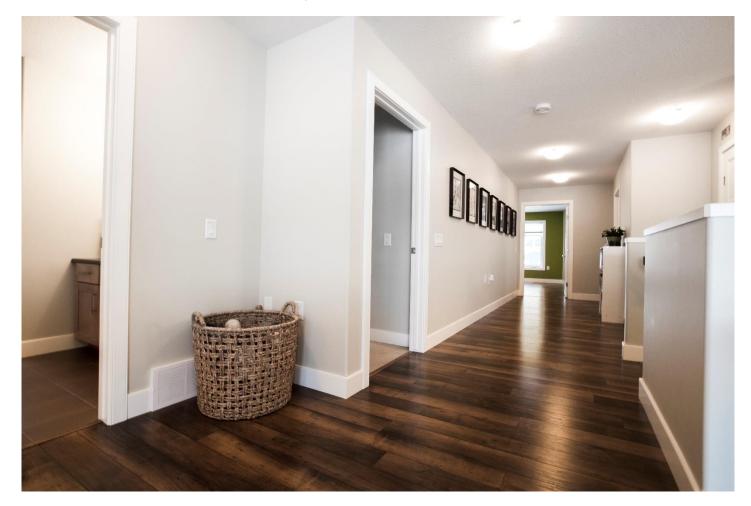
Classification: Protected A

Elevators can fit any style

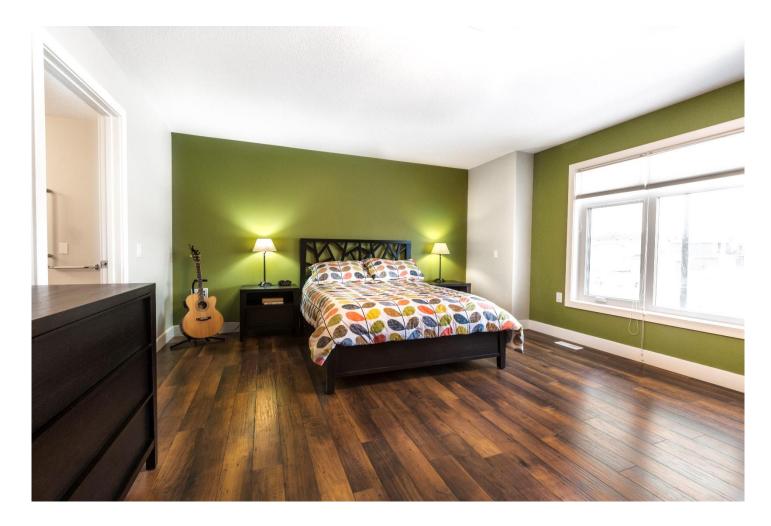


Classification: Protected A

4. INTERIOR SPACE Hallways and Doors



INTERIOR SPACE Bedrooms



An accessible kitchen is the kitchen of your dreams



An accessible kitchen benefits everyone



Wayfinding in Group Homes Color and Texture Contrast



Wayfinding in Group Homes Good for Everyone



Critical Date 2030: In about 2030, the baby boomers will reach their 65th birthday. Almost twice as many people were born in 1964 than in any of the years of the 1980s.



Critical Date 2050: The balance between young and old will only start to swing back slightly after 2050 when the baby boomer generations reach the end of their lifetime and the following lower-birth-rate generations reach retirement age.



Infill Housing Aging in Place



Classification: Protected A

Infill Housing Aging in Place



Classification: Protected A

Infill Housing Triplex



Infill Housing Triplex



Multi – Generational Housing



Cohousing: "I know I live in a community because on a Friday night it takes me 45 minutes and two beers to get from the parking lot to my front door."

Cohousing Resident



CONCEPT 8

ACCESSIBLE ARCHITECTURE IS BEAUTIFUL

"In no way were the family's aesthetics compromised by the accessible features."

-Ron Wickman, Architect and Author

THE FAID HOUSE

AGING-IN-PLACE

One of the biggest myths about accessible design is that such structures will be ugly, their beauty compromised by functionality.

Accessible design need not compromise a designer's approach but rather becomes an element in that approach, as are the principles of site, light and views. Nor should sustainability and energy-efficiency be left out of the equation when Visitability, adaptability and accessibility are the guiding features.

As Peter Faid expressed their dreams for the house, "We planned this house as an empty nester/retirement home. The trend these days is called aging-in-place. That's why we have wide halls, an entrance at grade, lever handles, better lighting and an elevator. The latter is a bonus since neither of us currently need it, but it's great for taking groceries inside and the movers loved it! We feel really lucky to be living in such a great place and the bonus of not having to look for something more suitable for our older years will save us money and heartache in the future."

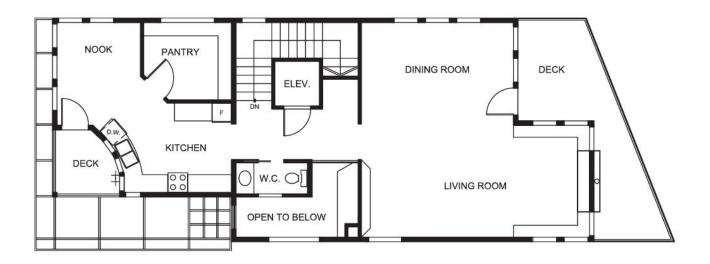
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The image beside represents the back perspective of the house, including a level deck and a walkout basement.

The floor plan below illustrates the main living area, found on the top level and accessible to people of varying disabilities via the elevator.

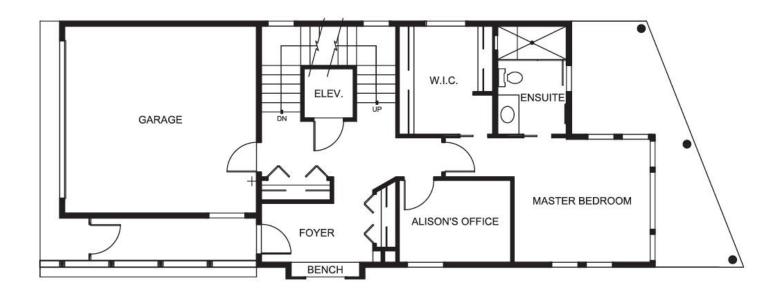


At least five feet of space in front of the elevator enables maneuverability for users in wheelchairs. The home's stairway wraps around the elevator. Designed as short runs of five to six steps each, with sturdy handrails and step lights, the stairway provides for safe vertical travel by foot. The elevator as part of all of the accessible design features integrated into the house design made moving into the home simpler.

To satisfy users with varying disabilities in the best way possible, the house features wider doorways (at least 36 inches wide) and decorative rocker-style light switches which can be operated with a wrist or elbow. Extra insulation in all walls provides better acoustics; color and textural contrast is provided to assist in wayfinding for persons with visual and cognitive difficulties.

In keeping with the principles of Visitability, the hallway is at least 42 inches wide with a high brick red curved ceiling connecting the living / dining room and the kitchen. Red accents including pillows gathered in the Faid's travels to Cambodia and Turkey integrate the space and provide punch. A bank of bright windows faces east and frames the gas fireplace. Natural light fills the gathering spaces and provides spectacular views of the City's River Valley.

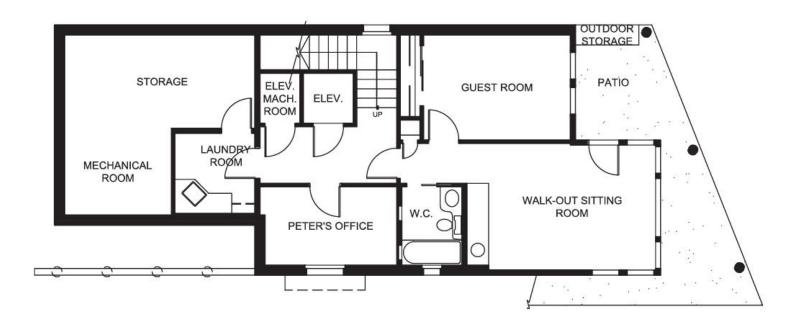
The floor plan below lays out the grade-level first floor of the house into which all guests enter through the front door.



The broad entranceway incorporates a vestibule containing a bench on which visitors can sit while donning or doffing shoes. This level also contains Alison's office (painted a pale mauve) and the master bedroom. Off the master bedroom is a bathroom (one of two full baths and one half bath) that serves as a symbol of the home's combination of form and function.

The clear box shower of glass and ceramic tiles—the color of mottled concrete—is large. On one wall of the shower is a stylish grab bar. A low stool, made out of Asian teak, sits outside the shower. Because its wood can be exposed to water without damage, it can be pulled inside if anybody wants or needs to sit down while bathing.

The floor plan below illustrates the lower level of the home containing Peter's office, a suite with a bathroom and bedroom and the laundry room.



As part of their strategy to age-in-place, the Faids wanted a lower-level suite, which could accommodate a live-in caregiver, with a separate entrance that opens out to the backyard.

A counter with a sink, microwave, and small fridge, with space to accommodate a cooktop, provides independence for guests, visiting family or live-in caregivers. Triple glazed windows and high R-value insulation incorporate energy efficiency. An on-demand hot water system saves money and energy, as does the high efficiency furnace.



The above image shows the third floor living room looking out onto Edmonton's beautiful river valley facing east.

Ron Wickman

rwickman@shaw.ca 780-430-9935

www.ronwickmanarchitect.com



Let's play a game.

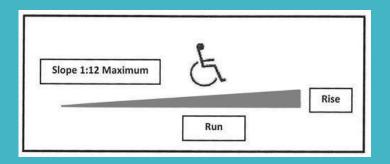
I know someone who is aging and having trouble getting up and down the stairs or in and out of their bathtub.

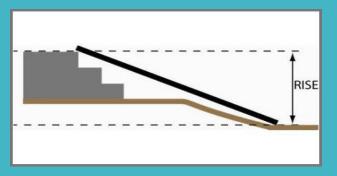
I have an aging parent who is having trouble getting around their home.

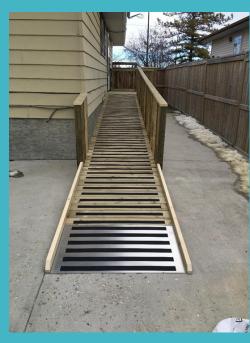
I will age one day.

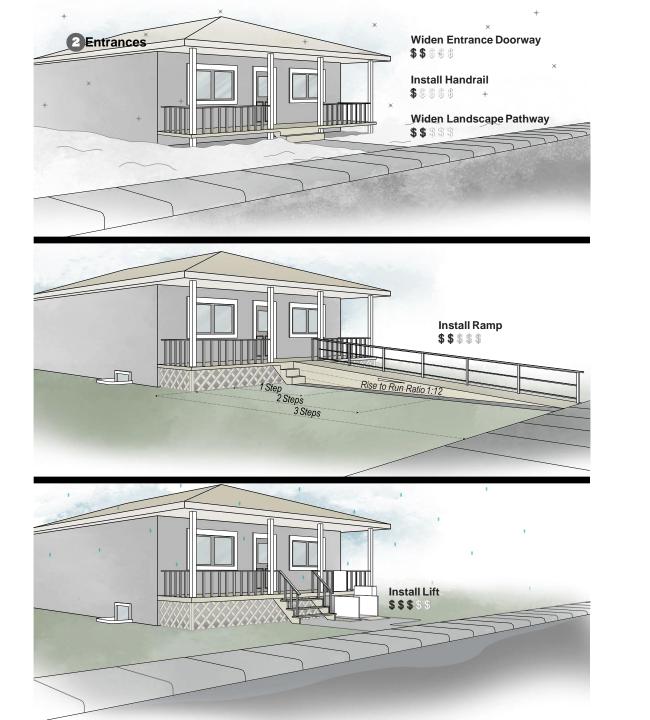


Accessible Entrance - Ramp







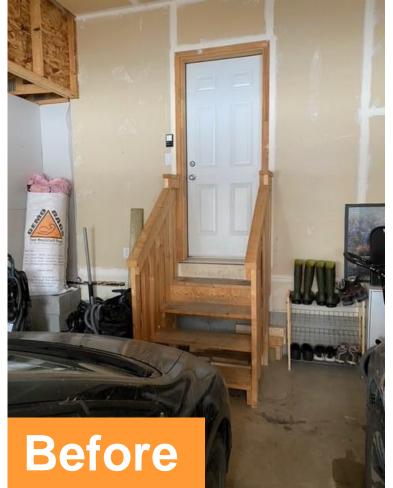


Accessible Entrance – Porch Lift









I don't need two people to help me balance on either end anymore while I step up the stairs. I don't have to wait for help. Being able to leave the house has been much easier. It's not putting the pressure on my husband anymore who was afraid to drop me. He feels I am much safer now.

- Barbara

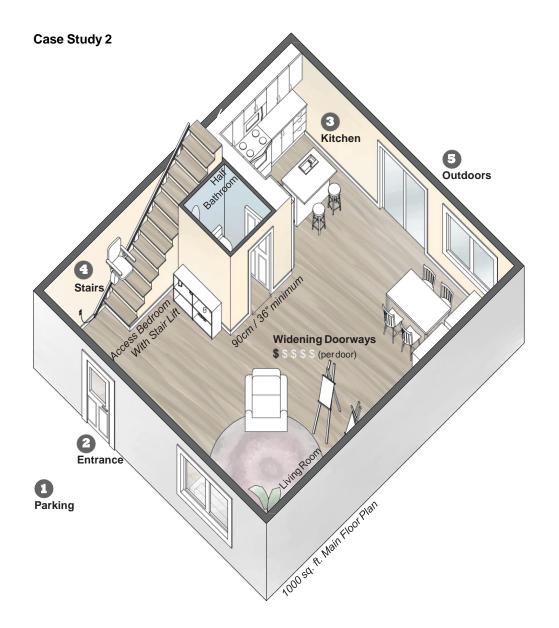


Barrier free, wheel in shower





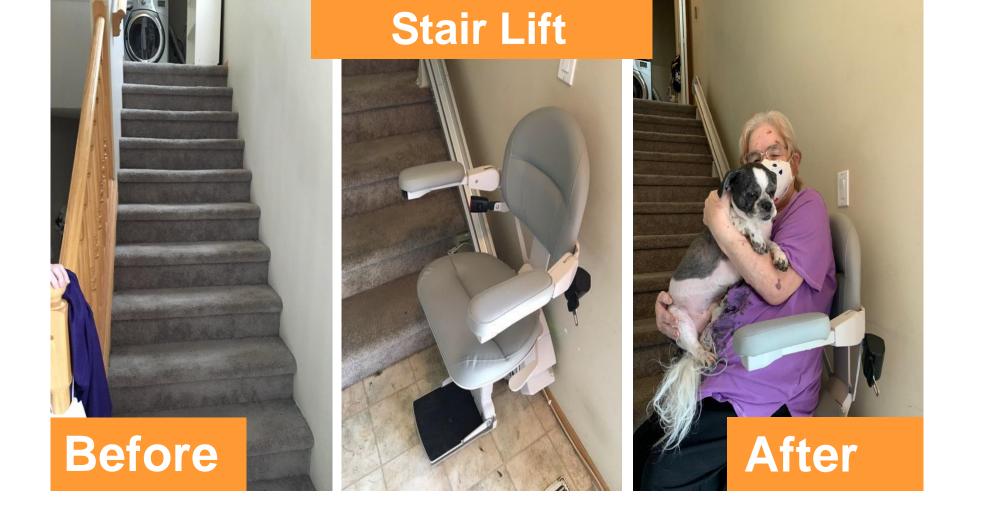


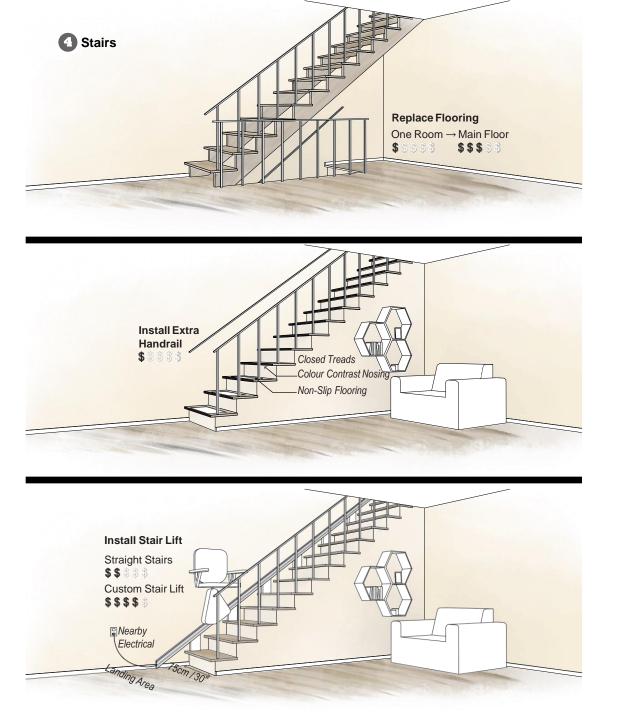






I want to thank you for the renovation of my daughter's bathroom. Not only does it look beautiful but the wheel in shower makes our life easier as my daughter grows up and gets heavier day by day.







Available Funding For Low Income Individuals

- Residential Access Modification Program (RAMP),
 Government of Alberta
- Seniors Home Repair and Adaptation Program (SHARP),
 Government of Alberta
- Easter Seals Alberta
- Diagnosis specific programs such as MS Society of Canada, Cerebral Palsy Association, Muscular Dystrophy Canada



Questions?





www.radrenovations.ca info@radrenovations.ca 403 479 6096









CORE Age-Friendly Housing Series

Alberta, Canada

April 27, 2022

Stephanie K. Firestone

Senior Strategic Policy Advisor

International, AARP

sfirestone@aarp.org

@firekrone



AGENDA

- Introduction to AARP
- Livable (and Age-friendly) Communities
- Equity by Design
- Housing

Classification: Protected A





PURPOSE:

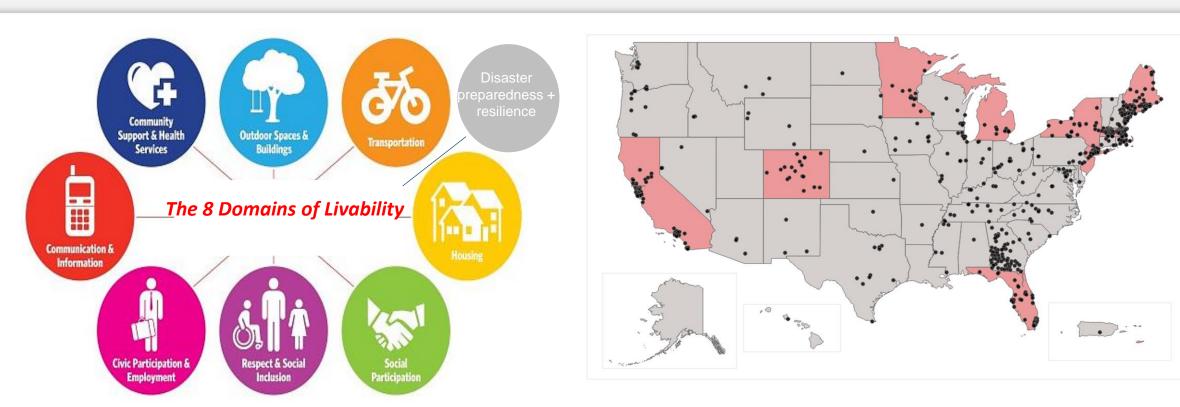
To empower people to choose how they live as they age

SOCIAL IMPACT AGENDA:

- Health Security Health care, caregiving
- Financial Resilience Social security, savings & planning, work & jobs, housing
- Social Connections Fun & fulfillment, technology/digital equity

AARP NETWORK OF AGE-FRIENDLY STATES & COMMUNITIES





More than 640 communities have committed to create a more age-friendly future -- plus 9 states and 1 US territory





AARP Home <a> » AARP Public Policy Institute <a> » AARP Livability Index

AARP LIVABILITY INDEX | GREAT NEIGHBORHOODS FOR ALL AGES

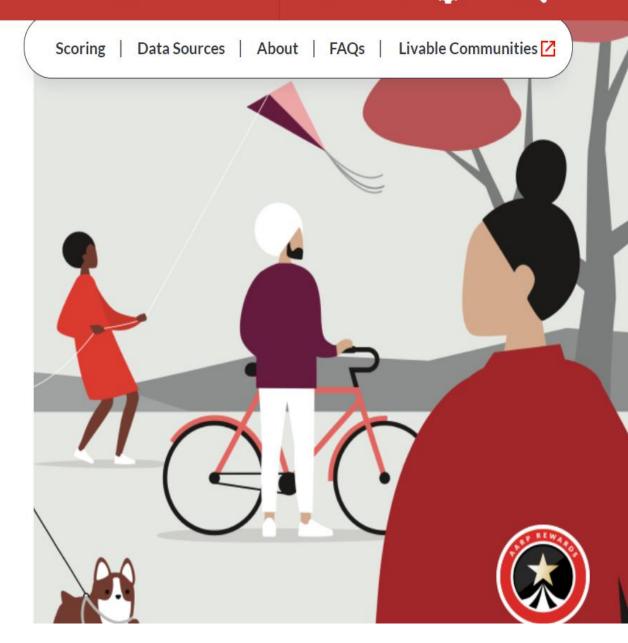
How livable is your community?

The AARP Livability Index scores neighborhoods and communities across the U.S. for the services and amenities that impact you the most.

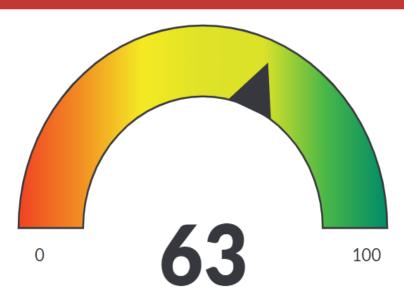
Explore your community today.

Enter an address, city, state, or zip code

Search







Overall Livability Score ①

The overall livability index score for **Montgomery County, Maryland** is **63**. This is in the top half of communities in the U.S.

Total Population:

1,043,530

African American: 18%

Asian: 15%

Hispanic: 20%

White: 53%

Age 50+: 35%

Age 65+: 15%

Households w/Disabilities: 8%

Life Expectancy: 83 years old

Households Without a Vehicle: 7%

Median Income: \$124,692

Poverty: 7%

Upward Mobility: 48 (1)

Sources for Demographic Data Points

Overview

Neighborhood Map

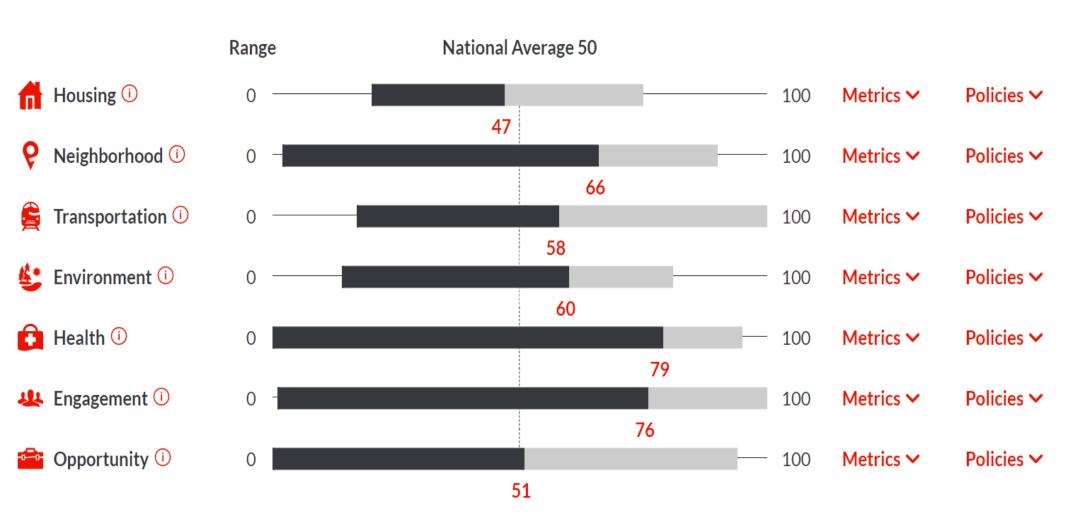
Category Scores

Compare to Other Communities

Improve Your Community

Category Scores

These are the neighborhood scores for Montgomery County, Maryland. Explore the metrics and policies behind the numbers.



Neighborhood Ma

Category Scores

Compare to Other Communities

Improve Your Community



Public Policy Institute

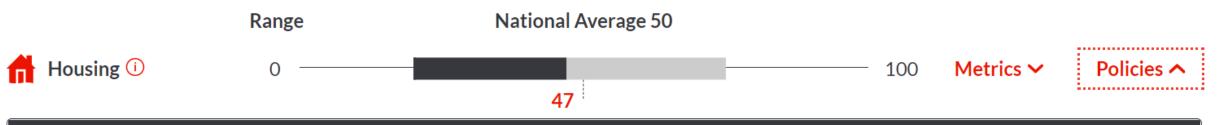


100

Policies **∨** Metrics ^

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4		
	,	

2015	2022	2022 US Median Neighborhood
	* 52.0% of units	50.1%
45.5% of units are multi-family	47.8% of units are multi-family	18%
\$2,136 per month	•	\$1,057
24.2% of income spent on housing	20.5% of income spent on housing	16.3%
	230 units per 10,000 people	0
	45.5% of units are multi-family \$2,136 per month	* 52.0% of units 45.5% of units are multi-family \$2,136 per month 1 \$2,155 per month 24.2% of income spent on housing 230 units per 10,000



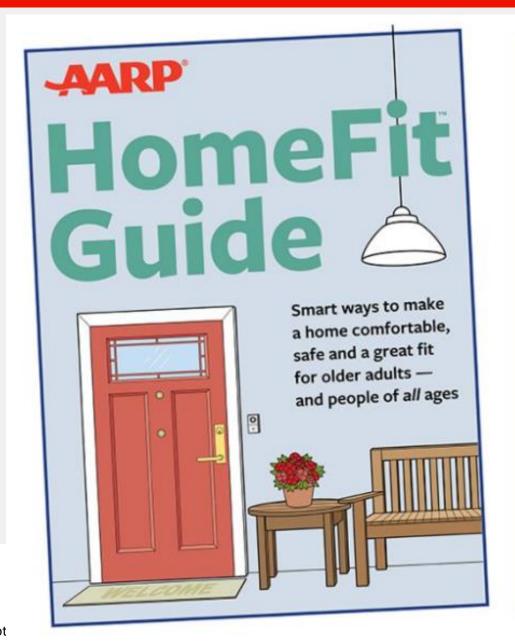
Housing Policies	Is there a policy here?
State and local inclusive design laws (1)	✓ County Policy
State and local housing trust funds ()	✓ County Policy
State manufactured housing protections (i)	× No Policy
State foreclosure prevention and protection (1)	× No Policy
State accessory dwelling unit support ①	× No Policy
State and local plans to create age-friendly communities ①	✓ County Policy

Information and tools communities can use: free in print or download









HomeFit Guide

Most houses and apartments are designed for young, able-bodied adults and don't meet the needs of older residents or people with disabilities.

In fact, in many parts of the United States, most housing units were built more than a generation ago to serve a population of family households, generally consisting of two parents and at least two children.

But two decades into the 21st century, America is a nation in which the dominant household type, accounting for about 30 percent of all households, consists of single adults living alone.

By 2030, one in five people in the U.S. will be age 65 or over. And it's projected that by 2034, such older adults will outnumber children under 18 for the first time ever.

America's housing stock doesn't fit a rapidly changing and rapidly aging population.

That's where the AARP HomeFit Guide comes in.

The guide examines what makes a home agingfriendly. And it suggests the kinds of designs and modifications that can make a home safer, more comfortable and a better "fit" for its residents — of every age.





The Bedroom

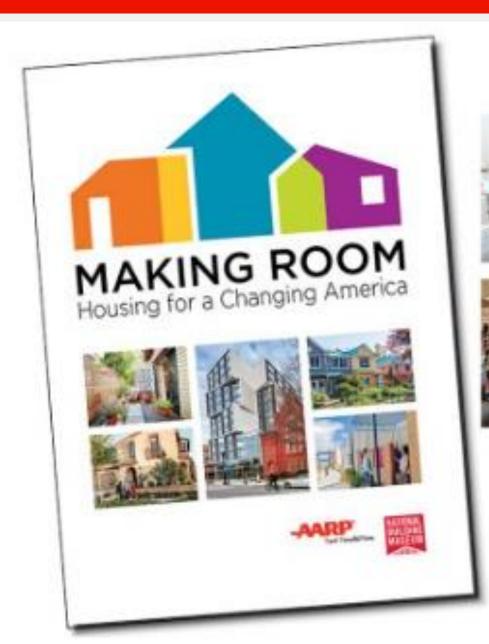


Outdoor Places and Shared Spaces

Find the AARP HomeFit Guide online at AARP.org/HomeFit

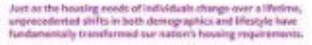
To learn when AARP releases new livability publications, sign up for the free, weekly, award-winning AARP Livable Communities e-Newsletter. Visit AARP.org/LivableSubscribe or text the word LIVABLE to 50757.





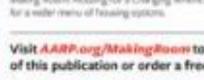


MAKING ROOM Housing for a Changing America



- Adults living alone now account for nearly 30 percent of American households.
- White unity 30 percent of loolay's households are nuclear families. the housing market largely remains hasted an their needs.
- By 3080, 1 in 5 people in the Linked States will be again 45 or over -- and by 2015, older adults are projected to maloumber challen für the finit time ever.
- The nation's housing stock absorb fit the resides of a Changing America.

Feeturing infographics, ideas, solutions, shotographs and floor plans. from the highoral Building Museum-exhibition of the same name. Making Rouns Housing for a Changing America is a ratturing cry-





Visit AARP.org/MakingRoom to download a PDF of this publication or order a free printed edition.



Author to the reduction begans reproved a recipient to an organisation delitated to ensure against 15 and other to choose how they live as this sign. The SAMPLINESS CONTRACTOR VICTOR WORLD HER VANDO ter support the efforts of Hapmanhousts, Insults, Elect. and runiforms to be finally for people of straps. AARLING AARLING COLEAN



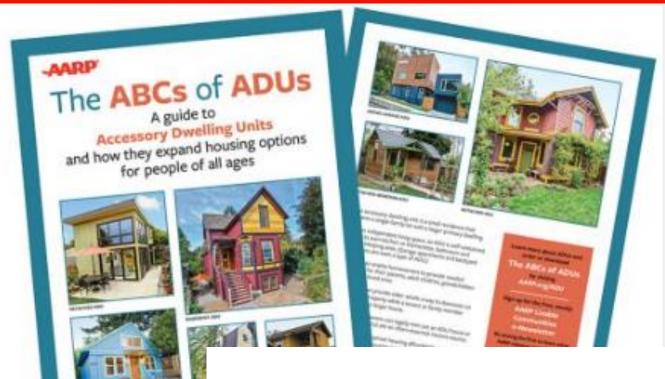
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our tien. Located in Washington, D.C., the Moorebehaves that underlyioning He Netury and impact of policinature, expressing, lasticipa architecture, conditation, and designs important for all agric ASSAULT .



The blaing fears manifester a Charging America or tissue at the hastenic Building Museum are node possible through the generous acquot of AMP. Powelston, which work to espheror powerly by belong extreated white while Built scorers agains to and sood convenience. AARP conferences





Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) &

Missing Middle Housing

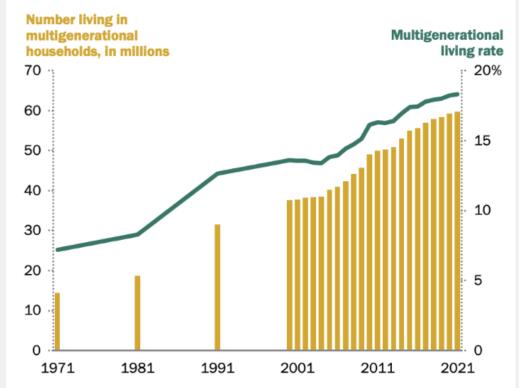


AARP OF BADUS



U.S. population in multigenerational households quadrupled since 1971

Number and % of people who live in multigenerational households in U.S.



Note: Multigenerational households include at least two generations of adults mainly 25 and older or grandparents and grandchildren younger than 25.

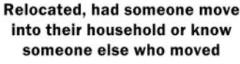
Source: Pew Research Center analysis of Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (ASEC) data files for 1971, 1981, 1991, and 2000-2021 (IPUMS). "Financial Issues Top the List of Reasons U.S. Adults Live in Multigenerational Homes"

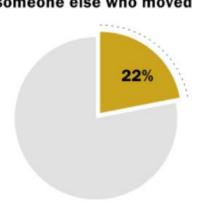
PEW RESEARCH CENTER

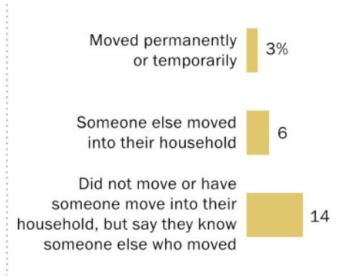
Classification: Protected A

Roughly one-in-five Americans either have relocated due to pandemic or know someone who has

% of U.S. adults who __ due to COVID-19







Note: Response categories do not sum to total since some respondents chose more than one answer.

Source: Survey of U.S. adults conducted June 4-10, 2020.

PEW RESEARCH CENTER







Equity by Design (aarpinternational.org)













Creating Enabling & Equitable Housing and Multigenerational Communities

A Statement of Built Environment Principles

Societies across the globe are in the midst of long-term growth in the older adult population; by 2050, one in four people will be age 60 or older. Yet our homes and communities do not even meet current lifespan needs, as they were mostly designed for young, typically-abled people. Senior living options can address some of these issues but are often financially out of reach, and most older adults do not want to move to age-segregated communities. Indeed, mixed generations are increasingly living together, as illustrated by the growing trend in multigenerational households.

Many of our communities were built around the automobile, which limits a sense of community, negatively impacts safety and individual health, and increases healthcare demands and costs. Over the past few decades, the public health sector has increasingly shown that the built environment is a significant variable in obesity, chronic disease, and other public health concerns—particularly in low-income and minority communities. The COVID-19 pandemic has illuminated in both the US and UK, disparities in health outcomes, overburdened formal health care infrastructures, failing long-term care models, and housing models that fail to facilitate at-home care, services and supports. This is exacerbated by unequal access to broadband and technologies that can enable telehealth, remote learning and work, and social interaction, and by a lack of standardization that inhibits interoperability.

We aim to flip this equation and spark a movement whereby the built environment, at every scale, is a tool for disease prevention and the promotion of wellness. As architect and urban designer Jan Gehl says: "First life, then spaces, then buildings. The other way around never works." We have the responsibility to support life through the creation of spaces that support everyone at every stage across increasingly long lifespans. As we begin to build and renovate our homes and communities in a post-COVID-19 world, we must radically accelerate the application of an age-friendly framework that addresses disparities. This means housing and communities that are safe and affordable; facilitate multigenerational interaction; meet sensory, emotional, physical, social, behavioral, and health needs across the lifespan; and include appropriate transportation options and services—enabling every resident to thrive.

In December 2019, AARP, the Agile Ageing Alliance, and the German Marshall Fund of the US convened a forum of thought leaders from development, design, and planning to explore these issues and inform a set of guiding principles for the built environment sectors. This resulting statement of principles is a resource for professionals, companies and organizations to use as a unifying framework for the creation of new—and the renovation of existing—housing and communities. We call on planners, policymakers, designers and architects, developers, financiers, academics, real estate professionals, and other colleagues to help us catalyze a societal quantum leap forward, by accelerating a shift to create age-friendly and multigenerational housing and communities that enable healthy aging for ALL.

Convening Participants

London Convening Participants – December 2019

Anne Marie Brady, Program Officer, GMF Cities, German Marshall Fund of the US

Angela Brooks, Development Manager, Chicago Housing Authority

Tama Duffy Day, Principal and Health & Wellness Leader, Gensler design

Andrew Edkins, Director, Bartlett Real Estate Institute, University College London

Stacey Epperson, President & Founder, Next Step

Stephanie Firestone, Senior Strategic Policy Advisor, International Affairs, AARP

John Godfrey, Corporate Affairs Director, Legal & General

Brooke Greenhouse, Vice President, Cayuga Country Homes

Esther Greenhouse, Built Environment Strategist

Victoria Hills, Chief Executive, Royal Town Planning Institute

Sam Mauger, Chief Executive, Third Age Trust

Jeremy Myerson, Helen Hamlyn Chair of Design, Royal College of Art

Manisha Patel, Senior Partner, PRP architects

Paul Quinn, Director of Regeneration, Clarion Housing Group

Xaviere Roudelx-Crouan, Senior Research Analyst, Grosvenor Britain and Ireland

Henry Smith, Senior Program Manager, Centre for Ageing Better

Ian Spero, Founder, Agile Ageing Alliance

William Thomas, Founder, Minka Homes and Communities

Miguel Vazquez, Healthy Communities Planner, Riverside University Health System

CHALLENGE

The Status Quo is "Dis-Abling"

Our housing and infrastructure negatively impact people's level of functioning when not designed with respect to the true range of physical and cognitive abilities. If the environment is overly demanding, people struggle. If under-demanding, people do not have the opportunity to function within their abilities, which then atrophy.

Limited Options and Demand

Housing design and policy solutions are rarely informed by real needs. Housing has been built the same way for so long that people can only envision a narrow range of products. Consumers rarely know what to ask for and thus demand too little.

Disparities in Many Forms

Lack of investment in a supportive built environment, particularly in low-income and minority communities, often unnecessarily disadvantages residents and communities—physically, behaviorally and economically. Consequently, vulnerable communities disproportionately struggle to attain basic health, safety, and wellbeing.

Limited Financial Models Limit What's Possible

Financial products are restrictive, for example by not fully accounting for people's assets, such as incomes of multiple people living in a dwelling, or for hidden costs and impacts, such as the future value of modified assets.

Limited Access to Technology

Technology limitations include broadband in rural areas, technology among the poor, and digital literacy among older adults. These limitations in turn restrict access to health care, opportunity, and remote engagement.

ge Bias

A lack of opportunities for people to regularly interact with people in other generations, i.e., intergenerational interaction, perpetuates the generational discord and ageism that are endemic to society.

Siloed Planning Work Results in Limited Outcomes

Planning for housing and communities that does not engage professionals across all relevant disciplines, misses key opportunities to advance important societal agendas.

Limited Focus on Major Issues

Global as well as local priorities such as climate resilience, healthcare, and other efforts to advance UN Sustainable Development Goals, fail to fully consider and address the major demographic change of population aging, often treating these as disparate concerns.

PRINCIPLE

Enable by Design

Regulations and practice should fully consider citizens' needs, abilities and behaviors. We shall create housing and communities designed to fit people's varying functional levels, providing an optimal balance between effort and support so people can function well within their abilities at every age.

Drive Informed Demand

Individuals and families have a right to expect living environments that are safe and enabling across the lifespan. We must demonstrate innovations that advance this goal and become the norm and not the exception.

Alleviate Disparities

We shall prioritize the creation and maintenance of enabling built environments in disproportionately impacted communities, as a vehicle for properly addressing the needs of disadvantaged residents and alleviating disparities.

Create Appropriate Finance Products

We shall pursue the expansion of existing, and the development of new, financial models and products to facilitate investment in housing stock and communities that enable independence over the lifespan and view lifelong, multigenerational living environments as an asset.

Prioritize Connectivity

We must prioritize the provision of broadband access and appropriate technologies that enable telehealth and remote learning, work, and engagement, as a means to facilitate greater independence and participation by residents of all ages and abilities in all aspects of society.

Facilitate Intergenerational Engagement

We shall create living environments that facilitate engagement across all generations, for their mutual benefit and the continued contribution to society by people of all ages. This familiarity will also serve to combat ageist stereotypes.

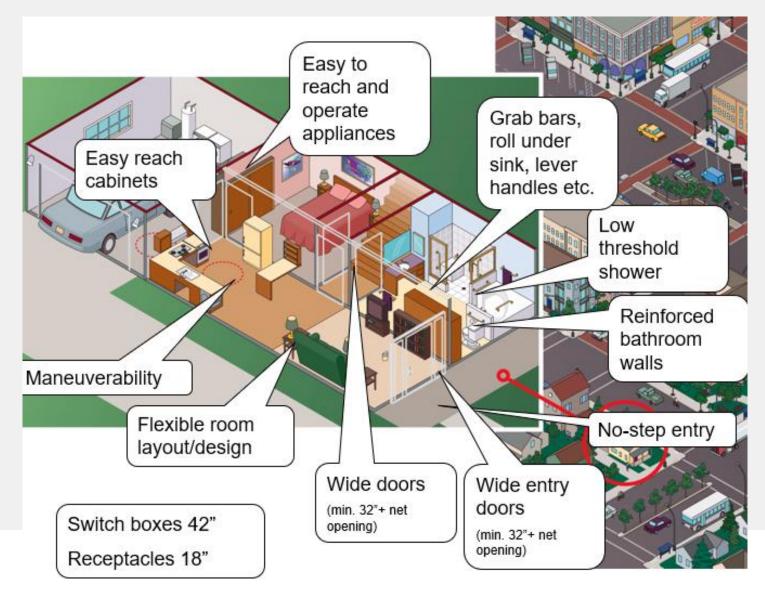
Lead Cross-Sector Collaboration

We must use municipal planning and zoning policies and tools to create public strategies that promote health for all, sustainability, and social cohesion, and advance developments that demonstrate an active contribution to these agendas.

Infuse Age-Friendliness in Other Priorities

We shall tap existing efforts to advance UN Sustainable Development Goals, as opportunities in a post-COVID-19 world to regenerate and retrofit our built environment assets using a lifelong lens.

AARP Enable by design / Drive informed demand







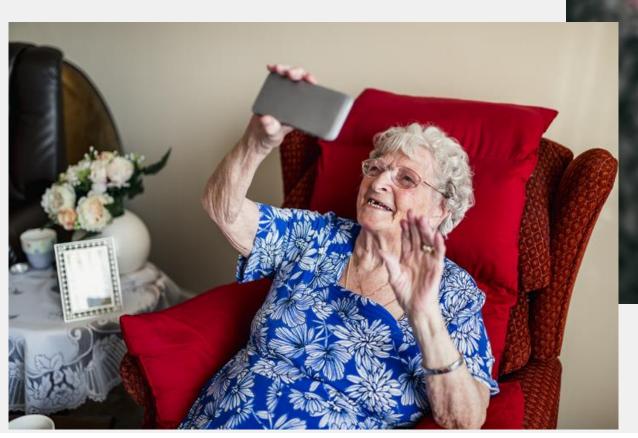
Alleviate Disparities

"Buildings have prospered; people have not."





Prioritize connectivity





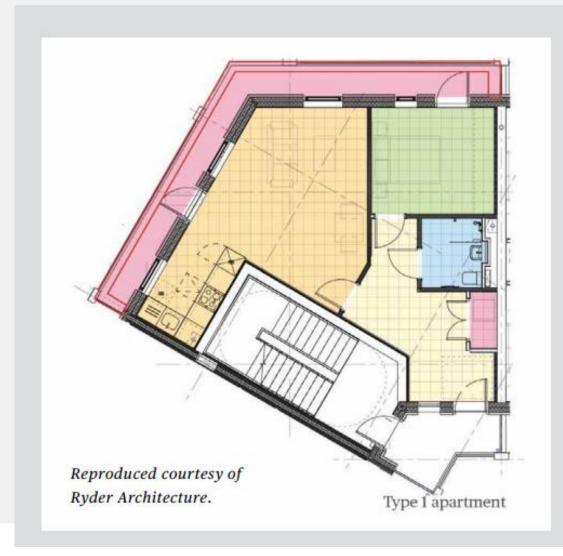


EQUITY by DESIGN— PRINCIPLES in ACTION

#BuildEquity







Beyond such features, units are being thoughtfully and practically designed for adaptation, so residents will not need to move every time their (or their family's) needs change. All dwellings will be fitted with bathrooms capable of transitioning from rooms with bathtubs to walk-in showers. Two-bedroom units will have one en-suite room on each floor, allowing a person to live entirely at ground level, and movable internal walls will enable residents to change the size of spaces. Exterior front and back walls will also be movable, enabling the home's footprint to expand or contract, and blueprints will facilitate this expansion by strategically leaving extended perimeters free of underground services. Should a resident's mobility change, they would not be limited to one floor, since a straight-run and wide enough staircase will allow for the use of a stairlift. Additionally, the option to install a residential elevator will be designed in, by placing closets at the same location on every floor-to enable the creation of a shaft.











Regenerating Affordable and Enabling Housing for All Agesat Scale

Clarion Housing Group, UK

Our age-friendly commitments

OUR OVERARCHING MISSION IS:

Enabling people to live well in our communities.

Over the last 12 months, we have been collaborating as a cross-business working group to create a set of commitments focused on how we will ensure our communities are places where residents can age positively.



Housing

Design and build schemes that enable our residents to live longer, healthier, happier lives.

Development

- To consider and establish our position on specialist housing; looking at different models, levels of subsidy and specific markets.
- Ensure our developments are exemplars of age-friendly homes and communities.
- Cultivate clear design standards and specifications for age-friendly housing.



Ensure residents have the right home at the right time.

- Understand how life events could trigger changes in resident needs and explore ways we can prevent a negative impact.
- Make sure residents know their housing options and help them anticipate changes as they age.
- Better assist residents to move from one life stage to the next.
- Understand how we could flex our existing assets to make them more age-friendly.



Clarion Futures

Empower residents to shape their lives and communities, no matter what age.

- Deliver interventions across resident lifecycles and understand how these contribute to resident wellbeing.
- Recognise how housing could contribute to improved health outcomes for residents.
- Specially target a reduction in loneliness and social isolation.







LINKS TO RESOURCES SHARED

- Livability Index: <u>AARP Livability Index Great Neighborhoods for All Ages</u>
- All About Accessory Dwelling Units (aarp.org)
- AARP HomeFit Guide: Free Publication AARP HomeFit Guide
- Making Room: Housing for a Changing America:
- Equity by Design (EbD): https://www.aarpinternational.org/resources/equity-by-design
- EbD Principles in Action series: https://www.aarpinternational.org/resources/equity-by-design/equity-by-design-pia

REGISTER for the next event on Tuesday, May 24 @ 11am ET: "Restroom Deserts: Where to go when you need to go"

JOIN the Equity by Design Group on LinkedIn.

E-mail: sfirestone@aarp.org

Twitter: @firekrone

Time for Question and Answer



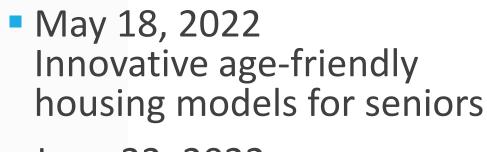
Upcoming Sessions



You're invited to join the AGE-FRIENDLY HOUSING SERIES!

Housing in an Age-Friendly World – From Homelessness to Continuing Care





 June 22, 2022
 Supportive housing and Continuing Care



Thank you